Donor Advised Fund Grantees

Grants can be made to these grantees without following special rules

Most Charitable Organizations

- Public charities, 509(a)(1) and 509(a)(2)
 - Schools, Churches, Hospitals
 - Museums, Zoos, Symphonies
- Governmental units, if for public purpose
- Type 1 and 2 supporting organizations*
- Type 3 supporting organizations that are functionally integrated*

*Grant is prohibited if donor, advisor or related parties of the fund also control a charity the supporting organization supports. Private operating foundations (Grants to private non-operating foundations not recommended)

Sponsoring organization of a donor advised fund (e.g. a community foundation)

Other types of funds (e.g. field of interest, donor advised, scholarship funds)

Grants can be made to these grantees using Expenditure Responsibility

Certain Supporting Organizations

- Type 3 supporting organizations if *not* functionally integrated.
- Any type of supporting organization if donor, advisor or related parties of the fund also control a charity the supporting organization supports.

Non-charitable organizations, if grant is for charitable purpose, in or outside of US, e.g. for-profits, non-profits that are not charities, such as 501(c)(6) groups.

Foreign charities. – Can also use <u>equivalency determination</u> to make these grants.

Grants may not be made to these grantees without paying taxes or penalties

Individuals, unless an unrelated, objective charity or government unit controls selection with no donor involvement, and awards the grant. Otherwise, scholarships to individuals, even if made payable to school for a specific individual, are prohibited.

Donors, advisors or related parties. No payments, such as compensation & expense reimbursements, allowed.

Private non-operating foundations: not recommended.